

## Safety data sheet according to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, Annex II (last amended by Regulation (EU) 2020/878)

### SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

#### 1.1 Product identifier

**WD-40® MULTI-USE PRODUCT - [Aerosol]**

#### 1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

**Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture:**

Corrosion protection

Grease

**Uses advised against:**

No information available at present.

#### 1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

GB

WD-40 Company Limited  
252 Upper Third Street  
Milton Keynes, MK9 1DZ, United Kingdom

WD-40 Company Limited  
PO Box 440  
GB-Kiln Farm, Milton Keynes, MK11 3LF, United Kingdom

Tel.: +44 (0) 1908 555400  
Fax: +44 (0) 1908 266900  
E-Mail: [Compliance@wd40.co.uk](mailto:Compliance@wd40.co.uk)  
Homepage: [www.wd40.co.uk](http://www.wd40.co.uk)

WD-40 Company Limited  
Noorderpoort 93E  
NL- 5916PJ Venlo

Tel.: +31 85 487 46 91

M

Danka Import Export  
548 St Joseph High Road  
SVR 1018 St Venera

Tel.: +356 21233649  
Fax: +356 21233501  
E-Mail: [Danka@maltanet.net](mailto:Danka@maltanet.net)

Qualified person's e-mail address: [info@chemical-check.de](mailto:info@chemical-check.de), [k.schnurbusch@chemical-check.de](mailto:k.schnurbusch@chemical-check.de) Please DO NOT use for requesting Safety Data Sheets.

#### 1.4 Emergency telephone number

**Emergency information services / official advisory body:**

M

Medicines & Poisons Info Office - Mater Dei Hospital, Msida MSD 2090, Malta - Tel.: +356 2545 6508  
Emergency Ambulance - Tel.: 112

IRL

National Poisons Information Centre, Beaumont Hospital, Dublin 9, Ireland, Tel.:

+353 (0)1 809 2166 (Public Poisons Info Line, 8am-10pm, 7 days a week)

+353 (0)1 809 2566 (Info for Healthcare Professionals ONLY, 24 h, 7 days a week)

**Telephone number of the company in case of emergencies:**

+44 20 3807 3798

## SECTION 2: Hazards identification

### 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

#### Classification according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP)

Hazard class	Hazard category	Hazard statement
Asp. Tox.	1	H304-May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
STOT SE	3	H336-May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
Aerosol	1	H222-Extremely flammable aerosol.
Aerosol	1	H229-Pressurised container: May burst if heated.

### 2.2 Label elements

#### Labeling according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP)



Danger

H336-May cause drowsiness or dizziness. H222-Extremely flammable aerosol. H229-Pressurised container: May burst if heated.

P101-If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand. P102-Keep out of reach of children.

P210-Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. P211-Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source. P251-Do not pierce or burn, even after use. P261-Avoid breathing vapours or spray. P271-Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

P301+P310-IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER / doctor. P312-Call a POISON CENTRE / doctor if you feel unwell. P331-Do NOT induce vomiting.

P405-Store locked up. P410+P412-Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50 °C.

P501-Dispose of contents / container to an approved waste disposal facility.

EUH066-Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

Without adequate ventilation, formation of explosive mixtures may be possible.

Hydrocarbons, C9-C11, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <2% aromatics

### 2.3 Other hazards

The mixture does not contain any vPvB substance (vPvB = very persistent, very bioaccumulative) or is not included under XIII of the regulation (EC) 1907/2006 (< 0,1 %).

The mixture does not contain any PBT substance (PBT = persistent, bioaccumulative, toxic) or is not included under XIII of the regulation (EC) 1907/2006 (< 0,1 %).

The mixture does not contain any substance with endocrine disrupting properties (< 0,1 %).

## SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

### 3.1 Substances

n.a.

### 3.2 Mixtures

Hydrocarbons, C9-C11, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <2% aromatics

<b>Registration number (REACH)</b>	01-2119463258-33-XXXX
<b>Index</b>	---
<b>EINECS, ELINCS, NLP, REACH-IT List-No.</b>	919-857-5
<b>CAS</b>	---
<b>content %</b>	60-80
<b>Classification according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP), M-factors</b>	EUH066 Flam. Liq. 3, H226 STOT SE 3, H336 Asp. Tox. 1, H304

<b>Carbon dioxide</b>	<b>Substance for which an EU exposure limit value applies.</b>
<b>Registration number (REACH)</b>	---
<b>Index</b>	---
<b>EINECS, ELINCS, NLP, REACH-IT List-No.</b>	204-696-9
<b>CAS</b>	124-38-9
<b>content %</b>	1-<3
<b>Classification according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP), M-factors</b>	---

For the text of the H-phrases and classification codes (GHS/CLP), see Section 16.

The substances named in this section are given with their actual, appropriate classification!

For substances that are listed in appendix VI, table 3.1 of the regulation (EC) no. 1272/2008 (CLP regulation) this means that all notes that may be given here for the named classification have been taken into account.

If, for example, the note P is applied for a hydrocarbon then this has already been taken into account for the classification named here.

Quote: "Note P - The classification as a carcinogen or mutagen need not apply if it can be shown that the substance contains less than 0,1 % w/w benzene (EINECS No 200-753-7)."

Article 4 of the regulation (EC) no. 1272/2008 (CLP regulation) was also observed and taken into account for the classification named here.

The addition of the highest concentrations listed here can result in a classification. Only when this classification is listed in Section 2 does it apply. In all other cases the total concentration is below the classification.

## SECTION 4: First aid measures

### 4.1 Description of first aid measures

First-aiders should ensure they are protected!

Never pour anything into the mouth of an unconscious person!

#### Inhalation

Supply person with fresh air.

Remove person from danger area.

Respiratory arrest - Artificial respiration apparatus necessary.

#### Skin contact

Remove polluted, soaked clothing immediately, wash thoroughly with plenty of water and soap, in case of irritation of the skin (flare), consult a doctor.

#### Eye contact

Remove contact lenses.

Wash thoroughly for several minutes using copious water. Seek medical help if necessary.

#### Ingestion

Rinse the mouth thoroughly with water.

Consult doctor immediately - keep Data Sheet available.

Do not induce vomiting.

Danger of aspiration.

### 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

If applicable delayed symptoms and effects can be found in section 11 and the absorption route in section 4.1.

The following may occur:

Irritation of the eyes

Inhalation:

Headaches

Nausea

Dizziness

Irritation of the respiratory tract

Effects/damages the central nervous system

With long-term contact:

Dermatitis (skin inflammation)

Ingestion:

Nausea

Vomiting

Diarrhoea

Danger of aspiration.

In certain cases, the symptoms of poisoning may only appear after an extended period / after several hours.

#### **4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed**

n.c.

### **SECTION 5: Firefighting measures**

#### **5.1 Extinguishing media**

##### **Suitable extinguishing media**

Foam

CO<sub>2</sub>

Exinction powder

Water jet spray

##### **Unsuitable extinguishing media**

High volume water jet

#### **5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture**

In case of fire the following can develop:

Oxides of carbon

Danger of bursting (explosion) when heated

Danger of explosion by prolonged heating.

Explosive vapour/air or gas/air mixtures.

#### **5.3 Advice for firefighters**

For personal protective equipment see Section 8.

According to size of fire

Protective respirator with independent air supply.

Cool container at risk with water.

Dispose of contaminated extinction water according to official regulations.

### **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

#### **6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures**

##### **6.1.1 For non-emergency personnel**

In case of spillage or accidental release, wear personal protective equipment as specified in section 8 to prevent contamination.

Ensure sufficient ventilation, remove sources of ignition.

Avoid dust formation with solid or powder products.

Leave the danger zone if possible, use existing emergency plans if necessary.

Remove possible causes of ignition - do not smoke.

Ensure sufficient supply of air.

Avoid inhalation, and contact with eyes or skin.

Do not carry cleaning cloths soaked in product in trouser pockets.

##### **6.1.2 For emergency responders**

See section 8 for suitable protective equipment and material specifications.

#### **6.2 Environmental precautions**

If leakage occurs, dam up.

Resolve leaks if this possible without risk.

Prevent from entering drainage system.

Prevent surface and ground-water infiltration, as well as ground penetration.

#### **6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up**

If spray or gas escapes, ensure ample fresh air is available.

Active substance:

Soak up with absorbent material (e.g. universal binding agent, sand, diatomaceous earth) and dispose of according to Section 13.

#### **6.4 Reference to other sections**

For personal protective equipment see Section 8 and for disposal instructions see Section 13.

### **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

In addition to information given in this section, relevant information can also be found in section 8 and 6.1.

#### **7.1 Precautions for safe handling**

Safety data sheet according to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, Annex II (last amended by Regulation (EU) 2020/878)

Revision date / version: 09.10.2025 / 0015

Replacing version dated / version: 08.04.2025 / 0014

Valid from: 09.10.2025

PDF print date: 10.10.2025

WD-40® MULTI-USE PRODUCT - [Aerosol]

### 7.1.1 General recommendations

Ensure good ventilation.

Keep away from sources of ignition - Do not smoke.

Do not use on hot surfaces.

Observe directions on label and instructions for use.

Use working methods according to operating instructions.

Take measures against electrostatic charging, if appropriate.

### 7.1.2 Notes on general hygiene measures at the workplace

General hygiene measures for the handling of chemicals are applicable.

Wash hands before breaks and at end of work.

Keep away from food, drink and animal feedingstuffs.

Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering areas in which food is consumed.

### 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Keep out of access to unauthorised individuals.

Not to be stored in gangways or stair wells.

Observe special regulations for aerosols!

Observe special storage conditions.

Keep protected from direct sunlight and temperatures over 50°C.

Store in a dry place.

Store cool.

Store in a well ventilated place.

### 7.3 Specific end use(s)

No information available at present.

Observe the instructions for good working practice and the recommendations for risk assessment.

Consult hazardous substance information systems, e.g. from the professional associations, the chemical industry or different industries,

depending on the application (building materials, wood, chemistry, laboratory, leather, metal).

## SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

### 8.1 Control parameters

Workplace exposure limit (WEL) of the total hydrocarbon solvent content of the mixture (RCP method according to EH40):

800 mg/m<sup>3</sup>

GB	Chemical Name	Hydrocarbons, C9-C11, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <2% aromatics	
	WEL-TWA: 800 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	WEL-STEL: ---	---
	Monitoring procedures:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Draeger - Hydrocarbons 0,1%/c (81 03 571)</li> <li>- Draeger - Hydrocarbons 2/a (81 03 581)</li> <li>- Compur - KITA-187 S (551 174)</li> </ul>	
	BMGV: ---	Other information: (OEL acc. to RCP-method, paragraphs 84-87, EH40)	

IRL	Chemical Name	Hydrocarbons, C9-C11, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <2% aromatics	
	OELV-8h: 100 ppm (573 mg/m <sup>3</sup> ) ("Stoddard solvent", [White spirit])	OELV-15min: ---	---
	Monitoring procedures:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Draeger - Hydrocarbons 0,1%/c (81 03 571)</li> <li>- Draeger - Hydrocarbons 2/a (81 03 581)</li> <li>- Compur - KITA-187 S (551 174)</li> </ul>	
	BLV: ---	Other information: ---	

GB	Chemical Name	Carbon dioxide	
	WEL-TWA: 5000 ppm (9150 mg/m <sup>3</sup> ) (WEL-TWA), 5000 ppm (9000 mg/m <sup>3</sup> ) (EU)	WEL-STEL: 15000 ppm (27400 mg/m <sup>3</sup> ) (WEL-STEL)	---
	Monitoring procedures:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Draeger - Carbon Dioxide 0,1%/a (CH 23 501)</li> <li>- Draeger - Carbon Dioxide 0,5%/a (CH 31 401)</li> <li>- Draeger - Carbon Dioxide 1%/a (CH 25 101)</li> <li>- Draeger - Carbon Dioxide 100/a (81 01 811)</li> <li>- Draeger - Carbon Dioxide 5%/A (CH 20 301)</li> <li>- Compur - KITA-126 B (549 475)</li> <li>- Compur - KITA-126 SA (549 467)</li> <li>- Compur - KITA-126 SB (548 816)</li> <li>- Compur - KITA-126 SF (549 491)</li> <li>- Compur - KITA-126 SG (550 210)</li> <li>- Compur - KITA-126 SH (549 509)</li> </ul>	

- Compur - KITA-126 UH (549 517)
- NIOSH 6603 (Carbon dioxide) - 1994
- OSHA ID-172 (Carbon dioxide in workplace atmospheres) - 1990

BMGV: ---

Other information: ---

Chemical Name		Carbon dioxide	
OELV-8h: 5000 ppm (9000 mg/m3) (OELV-8h, EU)	OELV-15min: ---	---	
Monitoring procedures:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>- Draeger - Carbon Dioxide 0,1%/a (CH 23 501)</li><li>- Draeger - Carbon Dioxide 0,5%/a (CH 31 401)</li><li>- Draeger - Carbon Dioxide 1%/a (CH 25 101)</li><li>- Draeger - Carbon Dioxide 100/a (81 01 811)</li><li>- Draeger - Carbon Dioxide 5%/A (CH 20 301)</li><li>- Compur - KITA-126 B (549 475)</li><li>- Compur - KITA-126 SA (549 467)</li><li>- Compur - KITA-126 SB (548 816)</li><li>- Compur - KITA-126 SF (549 491)</li><li>- Compur - KITA-126 SG (550 210)</li><li>- Compur - KITA-126 SH (549 509)</li><li>- Compur - KITA-126 UH (549 517)</li><li>- NIOSH 6603 (Carbon dioxide) - 1994</li><li>- OSHA ID-172 (Carbon dioxide in workplace atmospheres) - 1990</li></ul>		
BLV: ---	Other information:		IOELV

(M)	Chemical Name	Carbon dioxide	
OELV-8h: 5000 ppm (9000 mg/m3) (OELV-8h, EU)		OELV-ST: ---	---
Monitoring procedures:		<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>- Draeger - Carbon Dioxide 0,1%/a (CH 23 501)</li><li>- Draeger - Carbon Dioxide 0,5%/a (CH 31 401)</li><li>- Draeger - Carbon Dioxide 1%/a (CH 25 101)</li><li>- Draeger - Carbon Dioxide 100/a (81 01 811)</li><li>- Draeger - Carbon Dioxide 5%/A (CH 20 301)</li><li>- Compur - KITA-126 B (549 475)</li><li>- Compur - KITA-126 SA (549 467)</li><li>- Compur - KITA-126 SB (548 816)</li><li>- Compur - KITA-126 SF (549 491)</li><li>- Compur - KITA-126 SG (550 210)</li><li>- Compur - KITA-126 SH (549 509)</li><li>- Compur - KITA-126 UH (549 517)</li><li>- NIOSH 6603 (Carbon dioxide) - 1994</li><li>- OSHA ID-172 (Carbon dioxide in workplace atmospheres) - 1990</li></ul>	
BMGV: ---		Other information: ---	

(GB) Chemical Name		Oil mist, mineral	
WEL-TWA: 5 mg/m3 (Mineral oil, excluding metal working fluids, ACGIH)	WEL-STEL: ---	---	
Monitoring procedures:		- Draeger - Oil Mist 1/a (67 33 031)	
BMGV: ---			Other information: ---

(IRL) Chemical Name	Oil mist, mineral		
OELV-8h: 5 mg/m3 (Mineral oil, pure, highly and severely refined (inhalable))	OELV-15min: ---	---	
Monitoring procedures: - Draeger - Oil Mist 1/a (67 33 031)			
BLV: ---			Other information: ---

(GB) Chemical Name		Paraffin waxes	
WEL-TWA: 2 mg/m3 (paraffin wax, fume)		WEL-STEL: 6 mg/m3 (paraffin wax, fume)	---
Monitoring procedures:		- Compur - KITA-187 S (551 174)	
BMGV: ---		Other information: ---	

(IRL) Chemical Name		Paraffin waxes	
OELV-8h: 2 mg/m3 (paraffin wax, fume)		OELV-15min: 6 mg/m3 (paraffin wax, fume)	---
Monitoring procedures:		- Compur - KITA-187 S (551 174)	
BLV: ---		Other information: ---	

**Hydrocarbons, C9-C11, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <2% aromatics**

Area of application	Exposure route / Environmental compartment	Effect on health	Descriptor	Value	Unit	Note
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Consumer	Human - dermal	Long term, systemic effects	DNEL	46	mg/kg bw/day	
Consumer	Human - inhalation	Long term, systemic effects	DNEL	185	mg/m3	
Consumer	Human - oral	Long term, systemic effects	DNEL	46	mg/kg bw/day	
Workers / employees	Human - dermal	Long term, systemic effects	DNEL	77	mg/kg bw/day	
Workers / employees	Human - inhalation	Long term, systemic effects	DNEL	871	mg/m3	

**GB** - United Kingdom | WEL-TWA = Workplace Exposure Limit - Long-term exposure limit - 8-hour TWA (= time weighted average) reference period (EH40/2005 Workplace exposure limits (Fourth Edition 2020)).  
 (EU) = Directive 91/322/EEC, 98/24/EC, 2000/39/EC, 2004/37/EC, 2006/15/EC, 2009/161/EU, 2017/164/EU or 2019/1831/EU:  
 (8) = Inhalable fraction (2004/37/EC, 2017/164/EU). (9) = Respirable fraction (2004/37/EC, 2017/164/EU). (11) = Inhalable fraction (2004/37/EC). (12) = Inhalable fraction. Respirable fraction in those Member States that implement, on the date of the entry into force of this Directive, a biomonitoring system with a biological limit value not exceeding 0,002 mg Cd/g creatinine in urine (2004/37/EC). |  
 | WEL-STEL = Workplace Exposure Limit - Short-term exposure limit - 15-minute reference period (EH40/2005 Workplace exposure limits (Fourth Edition 2020)).  
 (EU) = Directive 91/322/EEC, 98/24/EC, 2000/39/EC, 2004/37/EC, 2006/15/EC, 2009/161/EU, 2017/164/EU or 2019/1831/EU:  
 (8) = Inhalable fraction (2004/37/EC, 2017/164/EU). (9) = Respirable fraction (2004/37/EC, 2017/164/EU). (10) = Short-term exposure limit value in relation to a reference period of 1 minute (2017/164/EU). |  
 | BMGV = Biological monitoring guidance value (EH40/2005 Workplace exposure limits (Fourth Edition 2020)).  
 (EU) = Directive 98/24/EC or 2004/37/EC or SCOEL (Biological Limit Value - BLV, Recommendation from the Scientific Committee on Occupational Exposure Limits (SCOEL)) |  
 | Other information (EH40/2005 Workplace exposure limits (Fourth Edition 2020)): Sen = Capable of causing occupational asthma. Sk = Can be absorbed through skin. Carc = Capable of causing cancer and/or heritable genetic damage.  
 (EU) = Directive 91/322/EEC, 98/24/EC, 2000/39/EC, 2004/37/EC, 2006/15/EC, 2009/161/EU, 2017/164/EU, 2019/1831/EU or 2024/869/EU:  
 (13) = The substance can cause sensitisation of the skin and of the respiratory tract (98/24/EC, 2004/37/EC), (14) = The substance can cause sensitisation of the skin (2004/37/EC), (15) = Substantial contribution to the total body burden via dermal exposure possible. |

**IRL** - Ireland/Éire | OELV-8h = Occupational Exposure Limit Value - 8-hour reference period (Chemical Agents and Carcinogens CoP (Code of Practice) 2024, HSA (Health and Safety Authority)): (IFV) = Inhalable Fraction and Vapour. (I) = Inhalable Fraction. (R) = Respirable Fraction.  
 (EU) = Directive 91/322/EEC, 98/24/EC, 2000/39/EC, 2004/37/EC, 2006/15/EC, 2009/161/EU, 2017/164/EU or 2019/1831/EU:  
 (8) = Inhalable fraction (2004/37/EC, 2017/164/EU). (9) = Respirable fraction (2004/37/EC, 2017/164/EU). (11) = Inhalable fraction (2004/37/EC). (12) = Inhalable fraction. Respirable fraction in those Member States that implement, on the date of the entry into force of this Directive, a biomonitoring system with a biological limit value not exceeding 0,002 mg Cd/g creatinine in urine (2004/37/EC). |  
 | OELV-15min = Occupational Exposure Limit Value - 15-minute reference period (Chemical Agents and Carcinogens CoP (Code of Practice) 2024, HSA (Health and Safety Authority)): (IFV) = Inhalable Fraction and Vapour. (I) = Inhalable Fraction. (R) = Respirable Fraction.  
 (EU) = Directive 91/322/EEC, 98/24/EC, 2000/39/EC, 2004/37/EC, 2006/15/EC, 2009/161/EU, 2017/164/EU or 2019/1831/EU:  
 (8) = Inhalable fraction (2004/37/EC, 2017/164/EU). (9) = Respirable fraction (2004/37/EC, 2017/164/EU). (10) = Short-term exposure limit value in relation to a reference period of 1 minute (2017/164/EU). |  
 | BMGV = Biological Monitoring Guidance Value (Biological Monitoring Guidelines 2011, HSA (Health and Safety Authority)): ACGIH-BEI = BMGV have been sourced from Biological Exposure Indices (BEI) as issued by the American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists (ACGIH). SCOEL = BMGV have been sourced from the Scientific Committee on Occupational Exposure Limit Values (SCOEL) which was set up by a Commission Decision (95/320/EC) with the mandate to advise the European Commission on occupational exposure limits for chemicals in the workplace. HSE = BMGV have been sourced from the Health and Safety Executive (HSE), UK.  
 (EU) = Directive 98/24/EC or 2004/37/EC or SCOEL (Biological Limit Value - BLV, Recommendation from the Scientific Committee on Occupational Exposure Limits (SCOEL)) |  
 | Other information (Chemical Agents and Carcinogens CoP (Code of Practice) 2024, HSA (Health and Safety Authority)): Carc1A, Carc1B = carcinogenic substance, Cat. 1A or 1B. Muta1A, Muta1B = mutagenic substance, Cat. 1A or 1B. Repr1A, Repr1B = Substances known to be toxic for reproduction, Cat. 1A or 1B. Skin = Can be absorbed through skin. Asphx = asphyxiant. Sens = The substance can cause sensitisation. BOELV = Binding Occupational Exposure Limit Values. IOELV = Indicative Occupational Exposure Limit Values.  
 (EU) = Directive 91/322/EEC, 98/24/EC, 2000/39/EC, 2004/37/EC, 2006/15/EC, 2009/161/EU, 2017/164/EU, 2019/1831/EU or 2024/869/EU:  
 (13) = The substance can cause sensitisation of the skin and of the respiratory tract (98/24/EC, 2004/37/EC), (14) = The substance can cause sensitisation of the skin (2004/37/EC), (15) = Substantial contribution to the total body burden via dermal exposure possible. |

**M** - Malta | OELV-8h = Occupational Exposure Limit Value - 8 h (8-hour reference period as a time-weighted average) [S.L.646.16, last amended by L.N. 356 of 2021 and Act XXXIII of 2024]: [9] = Inhalable fraction, [10] = Respirable fraction.

(EU) = Directive 91/322/EEC, 98/24/EC, 2000/39/EC, 2004/37/EC, 2006/15/EC, 2009/161/EU, 2017/164/EU or 2019/1831/EU:  
 (8) = Inhalable fraction (2004/37/EC, 2017/164/EU). (9) = Respirable fraction (2004/37/EC, 2017/164/EU). (11) = Inhalable fraction (2004/37/CE). (12) = Inhalable fraction. Respirable fraction in those Member States that implement, on the date of the entry into force of this Directive, a biomonitoring system with a biological limit value not exceeding 0,002 mg Cd/g creatinine in urine (2004/37/CE). |  
 | OELV-ST = Occupational Exposure Limit Value - Short-term (15-minute reference period) [S.L.646.16, last amended by L.N. 356 of 2021 and Act XXXIII of 2024]: [8] = Short-term exposure limit value in relation to a reference period of 1 minute, [9] = Inhalable fraction, [10] = Respirable fraction.

(EU) = Directive 91/322/EEC, 98/24/EC, 2000/39/EC, 2004/37/EC, 2006/15/EC, 2009/161/EU, 2017/164/EU or 2019/1831/EU:  
 (8) = Inhalable fraction (2004/37/EC, 2017/164/EU). (9) = Respirable fraction (2004/37/EC, 2017/164/EU). (10) = Short-term exposure limit value in relation to a reference period of 1 minute (2017/164/EU). |

| BMGV = Biological monitoring guidance value (EH40/2005 Workplace exposure limits (Fourth Edition 2020), United Kingdom) /  
 BBLV = Binding Biological Limit Value (S.L.646.16, last amended by L.N. 356 of 2021 and Act XXXIII of 2024).

(EU) = Directive 98/24/EC or 2004/37/EC or SCOEL (Biological Limit Value - BLV, Recommendation from the Scientific Committee on Occupational Exposure Limits (SCOEL)) |

| Other information [S.L.646.16, last amended by L.N. 356 of 2021 and Act XXXIII of 2024]: Skin = Possibility of a significant uptake through the skin. [11] = When selecting an appropriate exposure monitoring method, account should be taken of potential limitations and interferences that may arise in the presence of other sulphur compounds. [12] = The mist is defined as the thoracic fraction.

[13] = Established in accordance with the Annex to Directive 91/322/EEC. [14] = During exposure monitoring for mercury and its divalent inorganic compounds, account should be taken of relevant biological monitoring techniques that complement the OELV.

(EU) = Directive 91/322/EEC, 98/24/EC, 2000/39/EC, 2004/37/EC, 2006/15/EC, 2009/161/EU, 2017/164/EU, 2019/1831/EU or 2024/869/EU:

(EU13) = The substance can cause sensitisation of the skin and of the respiratory tract (2004/37/CE), (EU14) = The substance can cause sensitisation of the skin (2004/37/CE), (EU15) = Substantial contribution to the total body burden via dermal exposure possible. |

## 8.2 Exposure controls

### 8.2.1 Appropriate engineering controls

Ensure good ventilation. This can be achieved by local suction or general air extraction.

If this is insufficient to maintain the concentration under the WEL or AGW values, suitable breathing protection should be worn.

Applies only if maximum permissible exposure values are listed here.

Suitable assessment methods for reviewing the effectiveness of protection measures adopted include metrological and non-metrological investigative techniques.

These are specified by e.g. EN 14042.

EN 14042 "Workplace atmospheres. Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents".

### 8.2.2 Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

General hygiene measures for the handling of chemicals are applicable.

Wash hands before breaks and at end of work.

Keep away from food, drink and animal feedingstuffs.

Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering areas in which food is consumed.

Eye/face protection:

Tight fitting protective goggles with side protection (EN 166).

Skin protection - Hand protection:

Protective nitrile gloves (EN ISO 374).

Minimum layer thickness in mm:

>= 0,4

Permeation time (penetration time) in minutes:

>= 480

The breakthrough times determined in accordance with EN 16523-1 were not obtained under practical conditions.

The recommended maximum wearing time is 50% of breakthrough time.

Protective hand cream recommended.

Skin protection - Other:

Protective working garments (e.g. safety shoes EN ISO 20345, long-sleeved protective working garments).

Respiratory protection:

Normally not necessary.

If the workplace limit value is exceeded.

Filter A P3 (EN 14387), code colour brown, white

Observe wearing time limitations for respiratory protection equipment.

Thermal hazards:

Not applicable



Additional information on hand protection - No tests have been performed.

In the case of mixtures, the selection has been made according to the knowledge available and the information about the contents.

Selection of materials derived from glove manufacturer's indications.

Final selection of glove material must be made taking the breakthrough times, permeation rates and degradation into account.

Selection of a suitable glove depends not only on the material but also on other quality characteristics and varies from manufacturer to manufacturer.

In the case of mixtures, the resistance of glove materials cannot be predicted and must therefore be tested before use.

The exact breakthrough time of the glove material can be requested from the protective glove manufacturer and must be observed.

### 8.2.3 Environmental exposure controls

No information available at present.

## SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

### 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state:	Aerosol. Active substance: liquid.
Colour:	Light brown
Odour:	Characteristic
Melting point/freezing point:	<-66 °C (ASTM D 97, Active substance )
Boiling point or initial boiling point and boiling range:	176 °C (Active substance )
Flammability:	Does not apply to aerosols.
Lower explosion limit:	0,6 Vol-% ((Particulars of main substances contained) )
Upper explosion limit:	8,0 Vol-% ((Particulars of main substances contained) )
Flash point:	47 °C (Liquid concentrate )
Auto-ignition temperature:	Does not apply to aerosols.
Decomposition temperature:	There is no information available on this parameter.
pH:	Mixture is non-soluble (in water).
Kinematic viscosity:	<=20,5 mm <sup>2</sup> /s (40°C)
Solubility:	Insoluble
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (log value):	Does not apply to mixtures.
Vapour pressure:	9,4 bar (50°C)
Vapour pressure:	7,2 bar (20°C)
Density and/or relative density:	0,817 g/ml (Active substance )
Relative vapour density:	Does not apply to aerosols.
Particle characteristics:	Does not apply to aerosols.

### 9.2 Other information

Explosives:	There is no information available on this parameter.
Aerosols:	Enclosed space ignition test (UN RTDG, Manual of Tests and Criteria, Part III, 31.5): <= 300 g/m <sup>3</sup> (deflagration density)
Aerosols:	Enclosed space ignition test (UN RTDG, Manual of Tests and Criteria, Part III, 31.5): <= 300 s/m <sup>3</sup> (time equivalent)
Aerosols:	Ignition distance test (UN RTDG, Manual of Tests and Criteria, Part III, 31.4): >= 75 cm
Oxidising liquids:	No

## SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

### 10.1 Reactivity

The product has not been tested.

### 10.2 Chemical stability

Stable with proper storage and handling.

### 10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

No dangerous reactions are known.

### 10.4 Conditions to avoid

See also section 7.

Heating, open flame, ignition sources

Pressure increase will result in danger of bursting.

Pressurized container:

protect from sunlight and do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C. Do not pierce or burn, even after use.

### 10.5 Incompatible materials

See also section 7.

Avoid contact with strong oxidizing agents.

### 10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

See also Subsection 10.1 to 10.5.

See also section 5.2

No decomposition when used as directed.

## SECTION 11: Toxicological information

### 11.1. Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Possibly more information on health effects, see Section 2.1 (classification).

#### WD-40® MULTI-USE PRODUCT - [Aerosol]

Toxicity / effect	Endpoint	Value	Unit	Organism	Test method	Notes
Acute toxicity, by oral route:						n.d.a.
Acute toxicity, by dermal route:						n.d.a.
Acute toxicity, by inhalation:						n.d.a.
Skin corrosion/irritation:						n.d.a.
Serious eye damage/irritation:						n.d.a.
Respiratory or skin sensitisation:						n.d.a.
Germ cell mutagenicity:						n.d.a.
Carcinogenicity:						n.d.a.
Reproductive toxicity:						n.d.a.
Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure (STOT-SE):						n.d.a.
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure (STOT-RE):						n.d.a.
Aspiration hazard:						n.d.a.
Symptoms:						n.d.a.

#### Hydrocarbons, C9-C11, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <2% aromatics

Toxicity / effect	Endpoint	Value	Unit	Organism	Test method	Notes
Acute toxicity, by oral route:	LD50	>5000	mg/kg	Rat	OECD 401 (Acute Oral Toxicity)	
Acute toxicity, by dermal route:	LD50	>5000	mg/kg	Rabbit	OECD 402 (Acute Dermal Toxicity)	
Acute toxicity, by inhalation:	LD50	>18,5	mg/l/4h	Rat	OECD 403 (Acute Inhalation Toxicity)	
Skin corrosion/irritation:				Rabbit	OECD 404 (Acute Dermal Irritation/Corrosion)	Not irritant, Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.
Serious eye damage/irritation:				Rabbit	OECD 405 (Acute Eye Irritation/Corrosion)	Not irritant
Respiratory or skin sensitisation:				Guinea pig	OECD 406 (Skin Sensitisation)	No (skin contact)
Germ cell mutagenicity:				Salmonella typhimurium	OECD 471 (Bacterial Reverse Mutation Test)	Negative, Analogous conclusion
Germ cell mutagenicity:				Human being	OECD 473 (In Vitro Mammalian Chromosome Aberration Test)	Negative, Analogous conclusion
Germ cell mutagenicity:				Mouse	OECD 476 (In Vitro Mammalian Cell Gene Mutation Test)	Negative, Analogous conclusion
Germ cell mutagenicity:				Rat	OECD 478 (Genetic Toxicology - Rodent dominant Lethal Test)	Negative, Analogous conclusion

Germ cell mutagenicity:					OECD 479 (Genetic Toxicology - In Vitro Sister Chromatid Exchange assay in Mammalian Cells)	Negative, Analogous conclusion Chinese hamster
Carcinogenicity:	NOAEC	1100	mg/m3	Mouse	OECD 453 (Combined Chronic Toxicity/Carcinogenicity Studies)	Female
Carcinogenicity:	NOAEC	>= 2200	mg/m3	Mouse	OECD 453 (Combined Chronic Toxicity/Carcinogenicity Studies)	Male
Reproductive toxicity:					OECD 414 (Prenatal Developmental Toxicity Study)	Negative, Analogous conclusion
Reproductive toxicity (Effects on fertility):	NOAEL	>= 3000	mg/kg bw/d	Rat	OECD 415 (One-Generation Reproduction Toxicity Study)	Male
Reproductive toxicity (Effects on fertility):	NOAEL	>= 1500	mg/kg bw/d	Rat	OECD 415 (One-Generation Reproduction Toxicity Study)	Female
Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure (STOT-SE):						May cause drowsiness or dizziness., STOT SE 3, H336
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure (STOT-RE), oral:	NOAEL	3000	mg/kg/d	Rat	OECD 408 (Repeated Dose 90-Day Oral Toxicity Study in Rodents)	Analogous conclusion
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure (STOT-RE), inhalat.:	NOAEC	1444	ppm	Rat	OECD 413 (Subchronic Inhalation Toxicity - 90-Day Study)	Analogous conclusion
Aspiration hazard:						Yes
Symptoms:						unconsciousness, headaches, dizziness, discoloration of the skin, vomiting, diarrhoea

**Carbon dioxide**

Toxicity / effect	Endpoint	Value	Unit	Organism	Test method	Notes
Symptoms:						unconsciousness, blisters by skin-contact, vomiting, frostbite, annoyance, palpitations, itching, headaches, cramps, ear noises, dizziness

**11.2. Information on other hazards****WD-40® MULTI-USE PRODUCT - [Aerosol]**

Toxicity / effect	Endpoint	Value	Unit	Organism	Test method	Notes
Endocrine disrupting properties:						Does not apply to mixtures.

Other information:						No other relevant information available on adverse effects on health.
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Carbon dioxide						
Toxicity / effect	Endpoint	Value	Unit	Organism	Test method	Notes
Endocrine disrupting properties:						No

## SECTION 12: Ecological information

Possibly more information on environmental effects, see Section 2.1 (classification).

WD-40® MULTI-USE PRODUCT - [Aerosol]							
Toxicity / effect	Endpoint	Time	Value	Unit	Organism	Test method	Notes
12.1. Toxicity to fish:							n.d.a.
12.1. Toxicity to daphnia:							n.d.a.
12.1. Toxicity to algae:							n.d.a.
12.2. Persistence and degradability:		28d	>20- <60	%		OECD 310 (Ready Biodegradability - CO <sub>2</sub> in sealed vessels (Headspace Test))	Not readily but inherent biodegradable.
12.3. Bioaccumulative potential:							n.d.a.
12.4. Mobility in soil:							n.d.a.
12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment							n.d.a.
12.6. Endocrine disrupting properties:							Does not apply to mixtures.
12.7. Other adverse effects:							No information available on other adverse effects on the environment.
Other information:							DOC-elimination degree(complex ing organic substance)>= 80%/28d: n.a.

Hydrocarbons, C9-C11, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <2% aromatics							
Toxicity / effect	Endpoint	Time	Value	Unit	Organism	Test method	Notes
12.1. Toxicity to fish:	NOELR	28d	0,13	mg/l	Oncorhynchus mykiss	QSAR	
12.1. Toxicity to fish:	LC50	96h	>1000	mg/l	Oncorhynchus mykiss	OECD 203 (Fish, Acute Toxicity Test)	
12.1. Toxicity to daphnia:	EC50	48h	>1000	mg/l	Daphnia magna	OECD 202 (Daphnia sp. Acute Immobilisation Test)	
12.1. Toxicity to algae:	ErC50	72h	>1000	mg/l	Pseudokirchnerie lla subcapitata	OECD 201 (Alga, Growth Inhibition Test)	
12.1. Toxicity to algae:	EbC50	72h	>1000	mg/l	Pseudokirchnerie lla subcapitata	OECD 201 (Alga, Growth Inhibition Test)	

12.1. Toxicity to algae:	NOELR	72h	100	mg/l	Raphidocelis subcapitata	OECD 201 (Alga, Growth Inhibition Test)	
12.1. Toxicity to algae:	NOELR	72h	3	mg/l	Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	OECD 201 (Alga, Growth Inhibition Test)	
12.2. Persistence and degradability:		28d	80	%		OECD 301 F (Ready Biodegradability - Manometric Respirometry Test)	Readily biodegradable
12.3. Bioaccumulative potential:			5-6,7				High
12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment							No PBT substance, No vPvB substance
Toxicity to bacteria:	EL50	48h	0,95	mg/l			QSAR

Carbon dioxide							
Toxicity / effect	Endpoint	Time	Value	Unit	Organism	Test method	Notes
12.1. Toxicity to fish:	LC50	96h	35	mg/l	Salmo gairdneri		
12.3. Bioaccumulative potential:	Log Kow		0,83				
12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment							No PBT substance, No vPvB substance
12.7. Other adverse effects:							Greenhouse effect
Global warming potential (GWP):			1				

## SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

### 13.1 Waste treatment methods

#### For the substance / mixture / residual amounts

EC disposal code no.:

The waste codes are recommendations based on the scheduled use of this product.

Owing to the user's specific conditions for use and disposal, other waste codes may be allocated under certain circumstances. (2014/955/EU)

16 05 04 gases in pressure containers (including halons) containing hazardous substances

Recommendation:

Sewage disposal shall be discouraged.

Pay attention to local and national official regulations.

E.g. suitable incineration plant.

#### For contaminated packing material

Pay attention to local and national official regulations.

15 01 04 metallic packaging

15 01 01 paper and cardboard packaging

Dispose using dual system.

## SECTION 14: Transport information

### General statements

#### Transport by road/by rail (ADR/RID)

14.1. UN number or ID number:

1950

14.2. UN proper shipping name:

UN 1950 AEROSOLS

14.3. Transport hazard class(es):

2.1

14.4. Packing group:

-

14.5. Environmental hazards:

Not applicable

Tunnel restriction code:

D

Classification code:

5F

LQ:

1 L



Transport category:

2

**Transport by sea (IMDG-code)**

14.1. UN number or ID number:

1950

14.2. UN proper shipping name:

UN 1950 AEROSOLS

14.3. Transport hazard class(es):

2.1

14.4. Packing group:

-

14.5. Environmental hazards:

Not applicable

Marine Pollutant:

Not applicable

EmS:

F-D, S-U

**Transport by air (IATA)**

14.1. UN number or ID number:

1950

14.2. UN proper shipping name:

UN 1950 Aerosols, flammable

14.3. Transport hazard class(es):

2.1

14.4. Packing group:

-

14.5. Environmental hazards:

Not applicable

**14.6. Special precautions for user**

Persons employed in transporting dangerous goods must be trained.

All persons involved in transporting must observe safety regulations.

Precautions must be taken to prevent damage.

**14.7. Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments**

Freighted as packaged goods rather than in bulk, therefore not applicable.

Minimum amount regulations have not been taken into account.

Danger code and packing code on request.

Comply with special provisions.

**SECTION 15: Regulatory information****15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture**

Observe restrictions:

Comply with national regulations/laws governing the protection of young people at work (national implementation of the Directive 94/33/EC)!

Comply with trade association/occupational health regulations.

Directive 2012/18/EU ("Seveso III"), Annex I, Part 1 - The following categories apply to this product (others may also need to be considered according to storage, handling etc.):

Hazard categories	Notes to Annex I	Qualifying quantity (tonnes) of dangerous substances as referred to in Article 3(10) for the application of - Lower-tier requirements	Qualifying quantity (tonnes) of dangerous substances as referred to in Article 3(10) for the application of - Upper-tier requirements
P3b	11.1, 11.2	5000 (netto)	50000 (netto)

The Notes to Annex 1 of Directive 2012/18/EU, in particular those named in the tables here and notes 1-6, must be taken into account when assigning categories and qualifying quantities.

Directive 2010/75/EU (VOC):

65,5 %

National requirements/regulations on safety and health protection must be applied when using work equipment.

**15.2 Chemical safety assessment**

A chemical safety assessment is not provided for mixtures.

**SECTION 16: Other information**

EUF0002

Revised sections:

8

Employee training in handling dangerous goods is required.

These details refer to the product as it is delivered.

Employee instruction/training in handling hazardous materials is required.

**Classification and processes used to derive the classification of the mixture in accordance with the ordinance (EG) 1272/2008 (CLP):**



Safety data sheet according to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, Annex II (last amended by Regulation (EU) 2020/878)

Revision date / version: 09.10.2025 / 0015

Replacing version dated / version: 08.04.2025 / 0014

Valid from: 09.10.2025

PDF print date: 10.10.2025

WD-40® MULTI-USE PRODUCT - [Aerosol]

Classification in accordance with regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 (CLP)	Evaluation method used
Asp. Tox. 1, H304	Classification according to calculation procedure.
STOT SE 3, H336	Classification according to calculation procedure.
Aerosol 1, H222	Classification according to calculation procedure.
Aerosol 1, H229	Classification based on the form or physical state.

The following phrases represent the posted Hazard Class and Risk Category Code (GHS/CLP) of the product and the constituents.

H226 Flammable liquid and vapour.

H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

EUH066 Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

Asp. Tox. — Aspiration hazard

STOT SE — Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure - narcotic effects

Aerosol — Aerosols

Flam. Liq. — Flammable liquid

### Key literature references and sources for data:

Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 (REACH) and Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 (CLP) as amended.

Guidelines for the preparation of safety data sheets as amended (ECHA).

Guidelines on labelling and packaging according to the Regulation (EG) Nr. 1272/2008 (CLP) as amended (ECHA).

Safety data sheets for the constituent substances.

ECHA Homepage - Information about chemicals.

GESTIS Substance Database (Germany).

German Environment Agency "Rigoletto" information site on substances that are hazardous to water (Germany).

EU Occupation Exposure Limits Directives 91/322/EEC, 2000/39/EC, 2006/15/EC, 2009/161/EU, (EU) 2017/164, (EU) 2019/1831, each as amended.

National Lists of Occupational Exposure Limits for each country as amended.

Regulations on the transport of hazardous goods by road, rail, sea and air (ADR, RID, IMDG, IATA) as amended.

### Any abbreviations and acronyms used in this document:

acc., acc. to according, according to

ADR Accord européen relatif au transport international des marchandises Dangereuses par Route (= European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road)

AOX Adsorbable organic halogen compounds

approx. approximately

Art., Art. no. Article number

ASTM ASTM International (American Society for Testing and Materials)

ATE Acute Toxicity Estimate

BAM Bundesanstalt für Materialforschung und -prüfung (= Federal Institute for Materials Research and Testing, Germany)

BAuA Bundesanstalt für Arbeitsschutz und Arbeitsmedizin (= Federal Institute for Occupational Health and Safety, Germany)

BCF Bioconcentration factor

BSEF The International Bromine Council

CAS Chemical Abstracts Service

CLP Classification, Labelling and Packaging (REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures)

CMR carcinogenic, mutagenic, reproductive toxic

DMEL Derived Minimum Effect Level

DNEL Derived No Effect Level

DOC Dissolved organic carbon

e.g. for example (abbreviation of Latin 'exempli gratia'), for instance

EbCx, EyCx, EbLx (x = 10, 50) Effect Concentration/Level of x % on reduction of the biomass (algae, plants)

EC European Community

ECHA European Chemicals Agency

ECx, ELx (x = 0, 3, 5, 10, 20, 50, 80, 100) Effect Concentration/Level for x % effect

EEC European Economic Community

EINECS European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances

ELINCS European List of Notified Chemical Substances

EN European Norms

EPA United States Environmental Protection Agency (United States of America)

ErCx, EμCx, ErLx (x = 10, 50) Effect Concentration/Level of x % on inhibition of the growth rate (algae, plants)  
 etc. et cetera  
 EU European Union  
 EVAL Ethylene-vinyl alcohol copolymer  
 Fax. Fax number  
 gen. general  
 GHS Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals  
 GWP Global warming potential  
 Koc Adsorption coefficient of organic carbon in the soil  
 Kow octanol-water partition coefficient  
 IARC International Agency for Research on Cancer  
 IATA International Air Transport Association  
 IBC (Code) International Bulk Chemical (Code)  
 IMDG-code International Maritime Code for Dangerous Goods  
 incl. including, inclusive  
 IUCLID International Uniform Chemical Information Database  
 IUPAC International Union for Pure Applied Chemistry  
 LC50 Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population  
 LD50 Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose)  
 Log Koc Logarithm of adsorption coefficient of organic carbon in the soil  
 Log Kow, Log Pow Logarithm of octanol-water partition coefficient  
 LQ Limited Quantities  
 MARPOL International Convention for the Prevention of Marine Pollution from Ships  
 mg/kg bw mg/kg body weight  
 mg/kg bw/d, mg/kg bw/day mg/kg body weight/day  
 mg/kg dw mg/kg dry weight  
 mg/kg ww mg/kg wet weight  
 n.a. not applicable  
 n.av. not available  
 n.c. not checked  
 n.d.a. no data available  
 NIOSH National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health (USA)  
 NLP No-longer-Polymer  
 NOEC, NOEL No Observed Effect Concentration/Level  
 OECD Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development  
 org. organic  
 OSHA Occupational Safety and Health Administration (USA)  
 PBT persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic  
 PE Polyethylene  
 PNEC Predicted No Effect Concentration  
 ppm parts per million  
 PVC Polyvinylchloride  
 REACH Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals (REGULATION (EC) No 1907/2006 concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals)  
 REACH-IT List-No. 6/7/8/9xx-xxx-x No. is automatically assigned, e.g. to pre-registrations without a CAS No. or other numerical identifier. List Numbers do not have any legal significance, rather they are purely technical identifiers for processing a submission via REACH-IT.  
 RID Règlement concernant le transport International ferroviaire de marchandises Dangereuses (= Regulation concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail)  
 SVHC Substances of Very High Concern  
 Tel. Telephone  
 TOC Total organic carbon  
 UN RTDG United Nations Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods  
 VOC Volatile organic compounds  
 vPvB very persistent and very bioaccumulative

The statements made here should describe the product with regard to the necessary safety precautions - they are not meant to guarantee definite characteristics - but they are based on our present up-to-date knowledge.

No responsibility.

These statements were made by:

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